

Name: Melody Ellison Annual Inquiry/Research Process Instruction Plan

Month	Inquiry/Research Process Stage/Standard (from Big6 , Guided Inquiry, AASL Nat'l Standards, TX Library Standards, etc.)	Targeted Grade Level(s)	Related TEKS	Possible Learning Activities
Aug/Sep	Overview of Big6	4 th	<u>ELAR</u> ➤ 27(A) listen attentively to speakers, ask relevant questions , and make pertinent comments ➤ 27(B) follow, restate , and give oral instructions that involve a series of related sequences of action .	➤ Library orientation ➤ Blendspace Big6 overview lesson ➤ Illustrate/model process using the banana split example
Oct	Stage 1: Task definition	4 th	<u>ELAR</u> ➤ 23(A) generate research topics from personal interests or by brainstorming with others, narrow to one topic , and formulate open-ended questions about the major research topic	➤ Introduce the History Fair event through videos and provide rubric ➤ Students work in small groups to generate ideas for projects for the 2020 theme: <i>Breaking Barriers in History</i>
Nov	Stage 2: Information seeking strategies	4 th	<u>Technology</u> ➤ 3(C) validate and evaluate the relevance and appropriateness of information <u>Social Studies</u> ➤ 1(A) explain the possible origins of American Indian groups in Texas and North America	November is Native American heritage month ➤ Brainstorm potential information sources for learning about selected Native American groups ➤ Website/information source evaluation game: can you spot the best source?

Dec	Stage 3: Location and access	4 th	<p>ELAR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ 24(A) follow the research plan to collect information from multiple sources of information both oral and written ➤ 24(B) use skimming and scanning techniques to identify data by looking at text features 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Direct lesson on navigating the library catalog and databases ➤ Students use the Big6 writing organizer to fill in stages 1-3 and make a plan for acquiring resources/information for their History Fair project
Jan	Stage 4: Use of information	4 th	<p>ELAR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ 24(C) take simple notes and sort evidence into provided categories or an organizer ➤ 24(E) differentiate between paraphrasing and plagiarism and identify the importance of citing valid and reliable sources 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Trash/treasure notetaking activity ➤ Appropriate paraphrasing/citing guide ➤ Students work on collecting information for their History Fair projects, evaluating the validity of sources and creating simple citations with teacher support
Feb	Stage 5: Synthesis	4 th	<p>Social Studies</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ 22(D) create written and visual material such as journal entries, reports, graphic organizers, outlines, and bibliographies <p>Technology</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ 1(A) create original products using a variety of resources ➤ 3(B) collect and organize information from a variety of formats, including text, audio, video, and graphics 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Picture organization task ➤ Students create Popplets to organize their information and collect their sources including videos, images, links, etc. ➤ Students use their Popplets to inform the creation of their History Fair presentation in the format of their choice (paper, digital presentation, skit, etc.)

Mar	Stage 6: Evaluation	4 th	<p>ELAR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ 15(E) <i>revise final draft in response to feedback</i> from peers and teacher and publish written work for a specific audience <p>Technology</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ 2(E) <i>evaluate the product</i> for relevance to the assignment or task 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ History Fair practice event ➤ Students/teachers/parents invited to leave feedback slips with a “grow” and a “glow” comment for each presentation ➤ Students use feedback and the project rubric (given in stage 1) to make adjustments to their presentations before the actual event
Apr	Review Big6 stages 1-3	4 th	<p>Science</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ 2(A) plan and implement descriptive investigations, including asking <i>well defined questions</i>, making inferences, and <i>selecting and using</i> appropriate equipment or technology to answer his/her questions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Students begin brainstorming science fair topics and essential questions ➤ Students practice information seeking strategies to find information to help narrow down a topic selection ➤ Students finalize their research question and begin locating sources
May/Jun	Review Big6 stages 4-6	4 th	<p>Science</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ 2(B) <i>collect and record data by observing</i> and measuring, using the metric system, and using descriptive words and numerals such as labeled drawings, writing, and concept maps 2 (D) analyze data and interpret patterns to 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Students collect information on their science fair topic and plan/begin experimentation ➤ Students select a graphic organizer to collect and display the information about their topic and results of experimentation ➤ Students create their science fair displays to be

			<p>construct reasonable explanations from data that can be observed and measured</p> <p>➤ 2(F) communicate valid oral and written results supported by data</p>	<p>placed in the library for students/teachers/parents to view and leave “glow” and “grow” comments</p> <p>➤ Student use feedback to make adjustments to their displays for the district science fair</p>
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